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(54) **BLOOD PRESSURE REGULATOR.**

(57) An agent for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in hypotensive anesthesia or a hypotensive for treating anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations, containing a calcitonin gene related peptide (CGRP), a derivative thereof or a salt thereof as an active ingredient. When administered via intravenous drip under anesthetization, the active ingredient is short-acting, regulates the pressure rapidly, and serves to maintain cardiac functions without increasing the cardiac output.

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to an agent for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension or a hypotensive agent for treating anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations, containing a calcitonin gene related peptide (CGRP), a derivative thereof or a salt thereof as an active ingredient.

## PRIOR ARTS

Human  $\alpha$  or  $\beta$  type, rat  $\alpha$  or  $\beta$  type, porcine type or chicken type of CGRP has already been known and its amino acid sequence consisting of 37 amino acids has been determined.

The amino acid sequence in animal species has been well conserved. human CGRP (hereinafter sometimes designates as h-CGRP) has been known a peptide which acts on bone metabolism and central nervous system. [Nature, 308(19), 746-748 (1984), FEBS Letters, 183(2), 403 (1985), Neuropeptides, 4, 425-435 (1984) and Nature, 313(3), 54-56 (1984)]

porcine CGRP (hereinafter sometimes designates as p-CGRP) has known as a peptide possessing increasing activity of heart rate. [Neuropeptides, 9, 75-82(1987)]. Rat CGRP (hereinafter sometimes designates as r-CGRP) has known as a peptide possessing vasodilating activity and suppressive action of gastric juice secretion. [British J. Pharmacol., 86, 544 (1985), Regulatory Peptides, 12, 81-89 (1985)]

CGRP exhibits vasodilating activity at f-molar order ( $10^{-15}$  mole) and is called the strongest vasodilator [Nature, 313, 54 (1985)]. Therefore a study on vasodilator is in progress. Since h-CGRP seems to have utility for treating a deficient cerebral blood flow supply (Japan. Pat. Unexam. Publ., No. 2-502011), clinical cases for improving postoperative treatment of subarachnoid hemorrhage. [Lancet, 335, 869 (1990)] In all the cases a fall of blood pressure and increase in heart rate were observed, so that such an adverse action is overcome by lowering an amount of administration below 0.6 n mol/hour. (approx 4.6 ng/kg/hour) (PCT Pat. Unexam. Publ. No. 2-502011). A combination treatment with calcium antagonist is also reported (PCT Pat. Unexam. Publ. No. 3-505462).

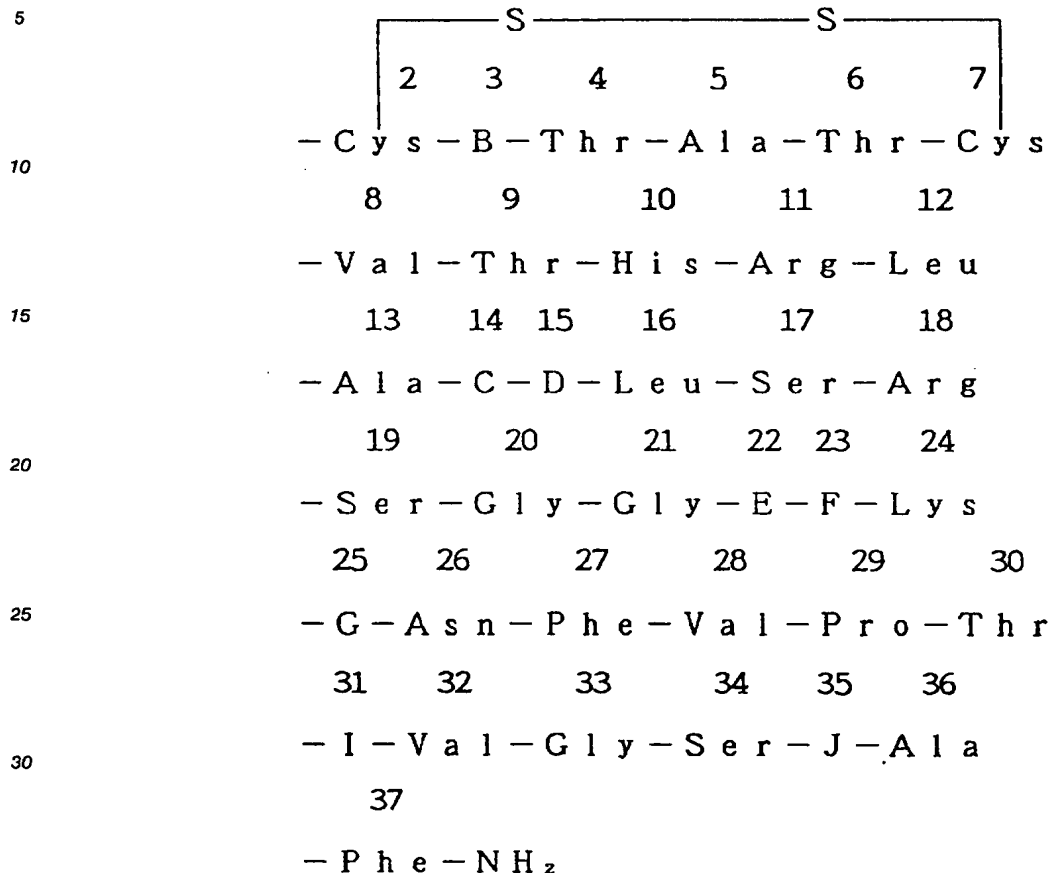
Further administration of h-CGRP in canine is reported to lower blood pressure with increase in heart rate. [Am. J. Physiol., 257, R726-R731 (1989)]

Moreover, h-CGRP derivative, chicken CGRP (hereinafter sometimes designates as chicken CGRP) and its derivative has been known as a peptide having sea calcium and phosphorous reducing activities. (Japan. Pat. Unexam. Publ., No. 62-129297, *ibid.*, No. 63-126814, *ibid.*, No., 63-258490 and *ibid.*, No. 64-26598)

Amino acid sequence of the above CGRP is shown in the following.

1

H - A -



hypotension and activation of renin-angiotensin sympathetic nerve system, accordingly it causes hyper resistance during operation and rebound hypertension, further cyanide poisoning caused by its metabolite is a critical defect. ATP has disadvantage with A-V block or metabolic acidosis.

A site of action of nitroglycerin is a capacitive vessel and so venous bleeding is disadvantageous. Prostaglandin E<sub>1</sub> induces phlebitis. Calcium channel blocking drug such as diltiazem and nicardipin shows activations of renin-angiotensin system and sympathetic nerve system and excessive hemodynamics. Those compounds are not satisfactory for the drugs used in induced hypotension.

Strong vasodilating and hypotensive activities of CGRP has known. However since CGRP has hypotensive activity together with strong increasing activity of heart rate which loads the heart heavily, so that it has been thought impossible to use in induced hypotension. For example, when h-CGRP is administered at 0.6 n mol/hour (approx. 4.6 ng/kg/hour) in human, blood pressure decreases but heart rate increases up extremely. (PCT WO 90/12815)

An unexpected discovery was made during the study on suppressing heart rate increasing activity of CGRP that prolonged intravenous administration of CGRP in anesthesia is found to show various advantages, for example suppression of heart rate increase, maintaining cardiac functions, short time acting, rapid regulation of the pressure and continuous tissue blood flow, in the induced hypotension or the anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations.

An object of the present invention is to provide an agent for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced anesthesia or a hypotensive for treating anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations, containing CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof as an active ingredient.

Examples of anesthetic used in the above induced hypotension are halothane, isoflurane, enflurane and desflurane.

Examples of an active ingredient of the present invention is CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof. CGRP and the derivative thereof can be synthesized by a known peptide synthesis such as liquid phase method or solid phase method. Examples of CGRP are h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, h- $\beta$ -CGRP, c-CGRP, r- $\alpha$ -CGRP, r- $\beta$ -CGRP and p-CGRP.

Examples of CGRP derivative are desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>,Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>,Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>,Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>,Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>,Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>,Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>,Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.

A salt thereof can be a pharmacologically non-toxic salt. Examples of a salt are inorganic salt such as hydrochloride or sulfate and organic salt such as acetate, tartrate, succinate or malate.

Parenteral administration of the active ingredient of the present invention is preferable. For example, it can be administered intravenously. Dosage can be varied according to a nature of the active ingredient, and is, generally in parenteral administration, a single dose of 1  $\mu$ g - 200mg in adult. No death was observed when the active ingredient dissolved in 0.1M aqueous sodium acetate containing 0.1% bovine serum albumin is administered at 80  $\mu$ g/kg body weight to Wistar rat, body weight 80-90g, through caudal vein.

The preparation of the present invention is preferably injectable form, but is not limited thereto. The preparation can be formulated a preferable dosage form.

A dosage form for injection can be prepared by dissolving the active ingredient with buffer agent, tonicity agent, pH adjuster and stabilizing agent in distilled water for injection, sterilizing through aseptic filter and pouring in an ampule, or by dissolving the active ingredient with extending agent and stabilizing agent in distilled water for injection, sterilizing through aseptic filter, pouring in a vial and lyophilizing.

The preparation of the present invention is also administered by intravenous drip infusion for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in hypotensive anesthesia. Further the preparation of the present invention can be administered at an surgical operations for a patient who has a complication with hypertension, ischemic heart disease, cerebrovascular disease or renal disorder. The induced hypotension herein referred means artificially reducing a blood pressure under anesthesia for the purpose of simplifying surgical operation or minimizing bleeding in an operation, and such the anesthesia has often been applied in the operations.

Accordingly, an agent for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension means the agent having a property to maintain cardiac function without increasing substantial

heart rate and to maintain a reduced blood pressure.

Administering the active ingredient of the present invention, a blood pressure reduces rapidly, and stopping the administration after surgical operation, normal blood pressure is recovered rapidly, so that artificial reduction of blood pressure and maintenance of reducing blood pressure in the anesthesia can be achieved. Further when the active ingredient of the present invention is administered at an anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations, such the anomalous blood pressure is recovered rapidly to normal pressure. Preferable administration is an intravenous drip infusion.

## EFFECT OF THE INVENTION

When administered the active ingredient of the present invention via intravenous drip infusion under anesthetization, the active ingredient is short acting, regulates the pressure rapidly and serves to maintain cardiac functions without increasing the cardiac output. It provides idealistic action in induced hypotension and for an anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operation, and can be applied for the surgical operation with safety to a patient who has a complication with hypertension, ischemic heart disease, cerebrovascular disease or renal disorder. Further, when the active ingredient of the present invention is administered under anesthetization, blood pressure reduces rapidly and is turned to recover normal blood pressure by stopping administration of the drug after surgical operation, so that it is a useful drug for artificially reducing blood pressure or maintaining reduced blood pressure.

## EXAMPLES

Following examples illustrate the preparation of the present invention.

### Example 1

Human- $\alpha$ -CGRP 60mg, mannitol 10g and preferable amount of stabilizing agent were dissolved in distilled water for injection 2 lit., passed through aseptic filter, filled each 1 ml to a vial and lyophilized to obtain preparation for injections of h- $\alpha$ -CGRP 30  $\mu$ g/vial.

This preparation can be administered by dissolving with physiological saline before use.

### Example 2

Human- $\alpha$ -CGRP 60mg, buffer solution, isotonic solution, pH adjuster and stabilizing agent were dissolved in distilled water for injection 6 lit., and passed through an aseptic filter, filled each 1 ml to an ampule and sealed the ampule to obtain injectable form of h- $\alpha$ -CGRP 10  $\mu$ g/ampule.

### Example 3

Desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP 60mg, mannitol 10g and preferable amount of stabilizing agent were dissolved in distilled water for injection 2 lit., passed through aseptic filter, filled each 2 ml to a vial and lyophilized to obtain preparation for injections of desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP 60  $\mu$ g/vial.

This preparation can be administered by dissolving with physiological saline before use.

The other injectable preparation of CGRP derivative can be prepared by the same procedures.

### Example 4

Desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP 60mg, buffer solution, isotonic solution, pH adjuster and stabilizing agent were dissolved in distilled water for injection 6 lit., and passed through an aseptic filter, filled each 1 ml to an ampule and sealed the ampule to obtain injectable form of desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP 10  $\mu$ g/ampule.

The other injectable preparation of CGRP derivative can be prepared by the same procedures.

Effects of the active ingredient of the present invention in hypotensive anesthesia are illustrated hereinbelow.

Abbreviations used herein are indicated as follows.

HR: Heart rate (beat/min)  
CO: Cardiac output (l/min)  
CI: Cardiac index (l/min/m<sup>2</sup>)  
SV: Stroke volumes (ml/HR)

SI: Stroke index (ml/HR/m<sup>2</sup>)  
 CVP: Central venous pressure (mmHg)  
 SPAP: Systolic pulmonary artery pressure (mmHg)  
 DPAP: Diastolic pulmonary artery pressure (mmHg)  
 MPAP: Mean pulmonary artery pressure (mmHg)  
 PCWP: Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (mmHg)  
 SAP: Systolic artery pressure (mmHg)  
 DAP: Diastolic artery pressure (mmHg)  
 MAP: Mean artery pressure (mmHg)  
 SVR: Systemic vascular resistance (dynes • sec/cm<sup>5</sup>)  
 PVR: Pulmonary vascular resistance (dynes • sec/cm<sup>5</sup>)  
 RPP: Rate pressure products (mmHg.beat/min)  
 CPP: Coronary perfusion pressure (mmHg)  
 LVP: Left ventricle pressure (mmHg)  
 LVEP: Left ventricle end pressure (mmHg)  
 LV dp/dt max: maximum left ventricular systolic ratio (mmHg/sec)  
 EtCO<sub>2</sub>: Expiration terminal CO<sub>2</sub> pressure (mmHg)  
 LVSWI: Left ventricle stroke work index (g.m/beat/m<sup>2</sup>)  
 RVSWI: Right ventricle stroke work index (g.m/beat/m<sup>2</sup>)

## Example 5

### 1) Method

Adult mongrel dog, mean body weight  $12.7 \pm 3.1$  kg, was anesthetized with pentobarbital 25 mg/kg, intratracheally cannulated and maintained anesthetic condition by 0.87% halothane-oxygen (1 MAC, minimum anesthetic concentration). Respiration was controlled, by using respirator (Harvard Corp., Model 613E ) at  $P_{aCO_2}$   $35 \pm 5$  mmHg.

Catheters were introduced to right femoral vein and artery for monitoring arterial blood pressure, arterial blood gas analysis and infusion, and left cardiac catheter was introduced to left femoral vein to monitor left ventricular pressure. The changes in left ventricular pressure were differentiated continuously using a pressure processor (Nihon Kodan Co., EQ-601G) to measure a maximum left ventricular systolic ratio (LV dp/dt max). The active ingredient of the present invention was administered to left femoral vein. Pulmonary arterial catheter (7F, Swan-Ganz® catheter) was introduced through right external jugular vein to monitor pulmonary artery pressure (PAP), pulmonary arterial wedge pressure (pulmonary capillary wedge pressure, PCWP) and cardiac output (CO). Pressure was monitored by using disposable pressure monitoring kit (Gould Corp.), and electrocardiogram, arterial pressure, left ventricle pressure (LVP) and maximum left ventricular systolic ratio (LV dp/dt max) were monitored by polygraph (Nihon Kodan Co.). Cardiac output (CO) was measured by thermal dilution method using cardiac output monitor (Nihon Kodan Co Model MTC6210). Blood gas analysis was made by using automatic blood gas analyser (Radiometer Corp. ABL3). Mean artery pressure (MAP), cardiac index (CI) stroke volume index (SI), systemic vascular resistance (SVR), pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR), left ventricle stroke work index (LVSWI) and coronary perfusion pressure (CPP) were calculated by standard calculation equations, respectively.

To maintain low blood pressure, the active ingredient was intravenously administered for 60 minutes with maintaining maximum dose at 40 µg/kg and adjusting to maintain mean arterial pressure at 50 mmHg. Physiological saline was used for maintenance infusion and administered in combination with the active ingredient at 7 ml/kg/hr. At blood sampling two fold volume of hydroxyethylstarch (6-HES) was supplementary administered. Body temperature was maintained at  $37 \pm 1$  °C by covering with blanket.

A value at time are than 60 minutes passed after completing the start of the experiment and stabilizing a depth of anesthesia and blood flow, is set as control (S<sub>1</sub>). Monitorings were performed at 5 min., 30 min. and 60 min. under reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension, and at 10 min., 30 min. and 60 min. after terminating the reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension (after stopping administration), for totally seven points of time.

Results of the experiments using desalanyl-deamino-chicken CGRP is used as the active ingredient are shown in Tables 1, 2 and 3.

## 2) Results

Table 1

	before administration	after administration			after terminating administration		
		5min.	30min.	60min.	10min.	30min.	60min.
HR	148	143	132	138	136	138	134
CO	3.47	3.67	3.40	3.75	3.33	3.14	3.07
CI	4.36	4.65	4.24	4.95	4.33	4.07	4.14
SV	21.8	24.0	23.8	26.5	23.6	21.8	22.9
SI	29.5	32.5	32.2	35.9	31.9	29.5	30.9
CVP	5	4	4	4	4	4	6
SPAP	27	29	24	27	26	25	26

Table 2

	before administration	after administration			after terminating administration		
		5min.	30min.	60min.	10min.	30min.	60min.
DPAP	9	7	5	7	7	8	8
MPAP	16	16	12	15	15	15	16
PCWP	9	5	5	6	8	7	7
SAP	133	93	58	58	68	79	102
DAP	89	50	34	43	49	53	61
MAP	103	65	50	50	58	66	95
SVR	2420	1410	1160	1090	1340	1640	1950
PVR	173	255	177	196	174	211	234

Table 3

	before administration	after administration			after terminating administration		
		5min.	30min.	60min.	10min.	30min.	60min.
LVSWI	37.3	26.5	19.7	23.4	21.7	23.7	31.1
RVSWI	4.41	5.30	3.50	5.37	4.77	4.42	4.21
RPP	19600	13200	7650	8000	9240	10900	13600
CPP	80	45	29	37	41	46	54
LVP	132	102	86	95	110	110	111
LVEF	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
LVdp/dt max	3000	3000	2600	2600	3000	3000	3000
ETCO <sub>2</sub>	38	37	35	34	32	30	30

As shown in the above, desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP shows reducing blood pressure without increasing heart rate and with maintaining cardiac function. Accordingly it is useful for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension.

## Example 6

Example 5 was repeated by substantially almost same manner using ten adult mongrel dogs, mean body weight  $14.7 \pm 2.1$  kg, applying same anesthetic condition with maintaining artificially hypotensive with average arterial blood pressure at 60 mmHg for 60 min., and administering the active ingredient desalanyl-

deamino-c-CGRP.

A value at time more than 60 minutes passed after completing the start of the experiment and stabilizing a depth of anesthesia and blood flow, was set as control (S<sub>1</sub>). Monitorings were performed at 30 min. and 60 min. under reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension, and at 10 min. and 30 min. after terminating the reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension (after stopping administration), for totally five points of time.

Results are shown by mean  $\pm$  S.D.

Amount of the active ingredient for maintaining average arterial blood pressure at 60 mmHg for 60 minutes was 5  $\mu$ g-115  $\mu$ g/kg. Results are shown in Tables 4 and 5.

Table 4

	reduced blood pressure 0 min.	reduced blood pressure 30 min.	reduced blood pressure 60 min.
HR	155.7 $\pm$ 29.6	149.3 $\pm$ 31.7	154.3 $\pm$ 33.8
CO	2.08 $\pm$ 0.683	2.348 $\pm$ 0.528	2.739 $\pm$ 0.518 *
CI	2.928 $\pm$ 0.854	3.418 $\pm$ 0.692	4.006 $\pm$ 0.771 **
SV	13.588 $\pm$ 5.573	16.485 $\pm$ 5.783	18.510 $\pm$ 5.942
SI	19.461 $\pm$ 6.806	23.810 $\pm$ 6.952	27.030 $\pm$ 7.664
CVP	2.5 $\pm$ 1.2	2.5 $\pm$ 1.1	2.2 $\pm$ 1.2
SPAP	22.8 $\pm$ 6.8	23.0 $\pm$ 6.2	25.5 $\pm$ 7.3
DPAP	10.8 $\pm$ 4.7	9.9 $\pm$ 4.0	11.3 $\pm$ 4.9
MPAP	16.2 $\pm$ 5.7	15.6 $\pm$ 5.3	17.7 $\pm$ 5.9
PCWP	10.1 $\pm$ 4.1	9.0 $\pm$ 4.0	9.4 $\pm$ 4.7
SAP	152.7 $\pm$ 19.9	76.5 $\pm$ 4.8 **	74.4 $\pm$ 4.9 **
DAP	94.0 $\pm$ 11.7	47.3 $\pm$ 2.8 **	47.7 $\pm$ 2.6 **
MAP	113.7 $\pm$ 12.8	60.4 $\pm$ 0.7 **	60.1 $\pm$ 0.9 **
SVR	4839.0 $\pm$ 1634.6	2054.0 $\pm$ 455.6 **	1748.0 $\pm$ 409.1 **
PVR	268.06 $\pm$ 137.84	231.10 $\pm$ 80.62	251.20 $\pm$ 97.14
LVSWI	27.060 $\pm$ 8.641	16.906 $\pm$ 5.750 **	18.949 $\pm$ 6.280 **
RVSWI	3.429 $\pm$ 1.428	3.979 $\pm$ 1.239	5.380 $\pm$ 1.747 **
RPP	23890.0 $\pm$ 6528.1	11357.0 $\pm$ 2260.5**	11462.0 $\pm$ 2765.1**
CPP	83.9 $\pm$ 12.3	38.3 $\pm$ 4.5 **	38.3 $\pm$ 4.9 **
LVP	149.1 $\pm$ 20.7	102.7 $\pm$ 14.1**	104.7 $\pm$ 16.3**
LVEP	0.3 $\pm$ 0.7	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0	0.0 $\pm$ 0.0
LVdp/dt max	3200.0 $\pm$ 639.4	3070.0 $\pm$ 771.8	3210.0 $\pm$ 749.0
ETCO2	38.8 $\pm$ 1.8	38.5 $\pm$ 5.6	39.8 $\pm$ 6.9

Mean  $\pm$  S.D

\*: P = 0.05

\*\* : P = 0.01 (Dunnet Test)



Table 5

	after terminating reduced blood pressure 10 min.	after terminating reduced blood pressure 30 min.
HR	158.8±33.8	151.6±27.9
CO	2.751±0.438 *	2.487±0.378
CI	4.025±0.685 **	3.638±0.587
SV	18.170±5.632	17.030±5.071
SI	26.300±6.720	24.760±6.720
CVP	2.9±1.5	3.2±1.1
SPAP	26.8±7.2	27.4±7.2
DPAP	11.3±5.2	11.3±5.4
MPAP	18.3±6.0	18.7±6.3
PCWP	9.2±4.1	10.6±4.5
SAP	94.4±7.2 **	119.4±10.1**
DAP	59.2±5.1 **	74.1±4.7 **
MAP	75.7±4.3 **	92.8±6.3 **
SVR	2162.0±419.2 **	2961.0±700.9 **
PVR	273.30±100.09	269.10±109.58
LVSWI	23.970±6.998	27.680±7.370
RVSWI	5.209±1.501 *	4.882±1.138
RPP	14920.0±3480.0**	18100.0±3938.4**
CPP	50.5±5.5 **	63.5±5.3 **
LVP	119.5±16.3**	132.3±20.0
LVEP	0.1±0.3	0.0±0.0
LVdp/dt max	3370.0±783.2	3220.0±708.4
ETCO2	39.5±5.8	39.3±5.9

Mean ± S.D.

\*: P = 0.05

\*\*: P = 0.01 (Dunnet Test)

As shown in the above, desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP shows reducing blood pressure without increasing heart rate and with maintaining cardiac function. Accordingly it is useful for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension.

## Example 7

Example 6 was repeated by substantially almost same manner using eight adult mongrel dogs, mean body weight 11.3±2.3 kg, applying same anesthetic condition. Human  $\alpha$ -CGRP was used as the active ingredient with administering at 10  $\mu$ g/kg/hr and 30  $\mu$ g/kg/hr, and heart rate (HR), mean artery pressure (MAP), left ventricle pressure (LVP) and maximum left ventricular systolic ratio (LV dp/dt max) were monitored.

A control value was set as 100% at more than 60 minutes after setting up the experimental start and confirming to stabilizing the depth of anesthesia and blood flow.

Monitoring were set up expressing with a value of per centage (%) for the control at 5 min., 10 min. and 30 min. after starting the administration, and at 5 min., 10 min., 30 min. and 60 min. after terminating the administration.

Results are shown in Tables 6 and 7.

In table 6, the experimental result upto 30 minutes after starting the administration is illustrated, and in table 7, the test result from 60 minutes after starting the administration to 60 minutes after terminating the administration.

As illustrated in the results hereinabove, h-CGRP can be used as same as of desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP, for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension.

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Table 6

	amount of administ.( $\mu\text{g/kg/h}$ )	before administ. (100 %)	after administ.		
			5 min.	10 min.	30 min
HR	10	139.0 $\pm$ 13.2	104.4 $\pm$ 2.3	103.3 $\pm$ 1.6	102.1 $\pm$ 2.3
	30	145.5 $\pm$ 13.1	98.3 $\pm$ 5.4	97.8 $\pm$ 5.1	98.8 $\pm$ 7.2
MAP	10	109.3 $\pm$ 2.4	62.3 $\pm$ 2.5	56.5 $\pm$ 1.3	52.0 $\pm$ 2.2
	30	99.8 $\pm$ 6.9	55.6 $\pm$ 3.9	55.2 $\pm$ 4.1	53.7 $\pm$ 4.0
LVP	10	119.3 $\pm$ 2.2	71.4 $\pm$ 2.3	66.8 $\pm$ 0.9	63.6 $\pm$ 3.0
	30	110.8 $\pm$ 7.1	65.4 $\pm$ 2.8	64.7 $\pm$ 3.0	63.5 $\pm$ 3.6
LVdp/dt max	10	1730.0 $\pm$ 115.8	92.8 $\pm$ 6.5	81.8 $\pm$ 4.3	77.6 $\pm$ 3.2
	30	1887.5 $\pm$ 83.6	69.6 $\pm$ 5.9	68.0 $\pm$ 5.8	67.6 $\pm$ 6.2

Table 7

	amount of admini. ( $\mu\text{g/kg/h}$ )	after administ. (%) 60 min.	after terminating administ.(%)		
			10 min.	30 min.	60 min.
HR	10	108.0 $\pm$ 3.5	107.7 $\pm$ 3.9	104.5 $\pm$ 4.4	101.4 $\pm$ 2.9
	30	109.9 $\pm$ 5.8	109.2 $\pm$ 4.9	107.9 $\pm$ 3.8	107.4 $\pm$ 4.2
MAP	10	56.5 $\pm$ 1.7	70.3 $\pm$ 3.5	80.0 $\pm$ 2.4	85.0 $\pm$ 1.9
	30	61.2 $\pm$ 2.5	66.4 $\pm$ 4.2	77.4 $\pm$ 3.5	83.3 $\pm$ 3.3
LVP	10	68.2 $\pm$ 2.9	79.1 $\pm$ 3.6	87.0 $\pm$ 1.9	90.7 $\pm$ 1.9
	30	70.5 $\pm$ 1.9	74.7 $\pm$ 2.6	83.4 $\pm$ 2.6	88.0 $\pm$ 2.4
LVdp/dt max	10	88.3 $\pm$ 5.1	101.2 $\pm$ 9.3	107.3 $\pm$ 8.6	100.8 $\pm$ 6.2
	30	82.2 $\pm$ 5.0	86.4 $\pm$ 5.2	96.7 $\pm$ 6.5	101.1 $\pm$ 7.7

Example 8

Example 6 was repeated by substantially almost same manner using four adult mongrel dogs, mean body weight 12.3 $\pm$ 3.0 kg, applying same anesthetic condition. After setting up the experiment at more than 60 minutes passing and confirming to stabilize the depth of anesthesia and blood flow, phenylephrine (hypertensor) 10  $\mu\text{g/kg/min}$  was administered.

Further after 10 minutes passed, the active ingredient, desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP 10  $\mu\text{g/kg/hr}$  was administered and at 10 min. and 20 min. after administration of the active ingredient, heart rate (HR) and mean a artery pressure (MAP) were measured. Result is shown in Table 8.

Table 8

	before administ.	after administ. of phenylephrine	after administ. of CGRP	
		10 min.	10 min(20min)	20 min(30min)
HR	133.0 $\pm$ 10.3	138.0 $\pm$ 9.3	102.7 $\pm$ 1.9	104 $\pm$ 2.8
MAP	102.5 $\pm$ 5.9	159.0 $\pm$ 6.2	104.8 $\pm$ 2.7	184 $\pm$ 4.9

The result hereinabove shows that desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP can be used for reducing blood pressure at anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations.

## Claims

1. An agent for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension containing a calcitonin gene related peptide (CGRP), a derivative thereof or a salt thereof as an active ingredient.
2. An agent according to claim 1 wherein CGRP is human  $\alpha$ -CGRP (h- $\alpha$ -CGRP), human  $\beta$ -CGRP (h- $\beta$ -CGRP), chicken CGRP (c-CGRP), rat  $\alpha$ -CGRP (r- $\alpha$ -CGRP), rat  $\beta$ -CGRP (r- $\beta$ -CGRP) or porcine CGRP (p-CGRP).
3. An agent according to claim 1 wherein a derivative of CGRP is desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>, Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.
4. An agent according to claims 1 - 3 wherein the said agent for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure is the agent which has an activity to maintain cardiac function without increasing the cardiac output and reduced blood pressure under anesthetic condition.
5. An agent according to claim 4 wherein an amount of content of the active ingredient is an essential amount for controlling and maintaining cardiac function without increasing the cardiac output and reduced blood pressure under anesthetic condition.
6. An agent according to claims 1 to 5 which is a preparation for drip infusion.
7. A use of CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof for producing pharmaceutical composition for applying reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension.
8. A use according to claim 7 wherein CGRP is h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, h- $\beta$ -CGRP, c-CGRP, r- $\alpha$ -CGRP, r- $\beta$ -CGRP or p-CGRP.
9. A use according to claim 7 wherein a derivative of CGRP is desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>, Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.
10. A use according to claims 7-9 wherein a pharmaceutical composition is a preparation for drip infusion.
11. CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof for applying reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension.
12. CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof for applying reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure in induced hypotension having an action to maintain cardiac function without substantially increasing the cardiac output and reduced blood pressure.
13. CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof according to claims 11 and 12 wherein CGRP is h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, h- $\beta$ -CGRP, c-CGRP, r- $\alpha$ -CGRP, r- $\beta$ -CGRP or p-CGRP.

14. A derivative of CGRP or a salt thereof according to claims 11 and 12 wherein a derivative of CGRP is desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-desmino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>, Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.
15. A method for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure under anesthetic condition of humans which comprises administering a preparation containing effective amount of CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof under anesthetic condition in humans.
16. A method for reducing blood pressure or maintaining a reduced blood pressure under anesthetic condition of humans which comprises administering a preparation containing effective amount of CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof, the preparation of which is essential for controlling to maintain cardiac function without increasing the cardiac output and reduced blood pressure, under anesthetic condition in humans.
17. A method according to claims 15 and 16 wherein CGRP is h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, h- $\beta$ -CGRP, c-CGRP, r- $\alpha$ -CGRP, r- $\beta$ -CGRP or p-CGRP.
18. A method according to claims 15 and 16 wherein a derivative of CGRP is desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>, Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.
19. A method according to claims 15 - 18 wherein a preparation is the preparation for drip infusion.
20. An agent for reducing blood pressure for treating anomalous hypertension occurring surgical operations containing CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof as an active ingredient.
21. An agent according to claim 20 wherein CGRP is h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, h- $\beta$ -CGRP, c-CGRP, r- $\alpha$ -CGRP, r- $\beta$ -CGRP or p-CGRP.
22. An agent according to claim 20 wherein a derivative of CGRP is desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>, Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.
23. An agent for reducing blood pressure according to claims 20 - 22 wherein an amount of content of the active ingredient is an essential amount for controlling and maintaining cardiac function without increasing the cardiac output and reduced blood pressure under anesthetic condition.
24. An agent according to claims 20 - 23 wherein the agent is the preparation for drip infusion.
25. A use of CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof for producing pharmaceutical composition for applying treatment of anomalous hypertension occurs during surgical operations.

26. A use according to claim 25 wherein CGRP is h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, h- $\beta$ -CGRP, c-CGRP, r- $\alpha$ -CGRP, r- $\beta$ -CGRP or p-CGRP.
27. A use according to claim 25 wherein a derivative of CGRP is desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>, Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.
28. A use according to claims 25-27 wherein a pharmaceutical composition is a preparation for drip infusion.
29. CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof for applying an agent for treating anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations.
30. CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof according to claim 29 wherein CGRP is h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, h- $\beta$ -CGRP, c-CGRP, r- $\alpha$ -CGRP, r- $\beta$ -CGRP or p-CGRP.
31. CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof according to claim 29 wherein a derivative of CGRP is desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>, Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.
32. A method for treating anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations of humans which comprises administering a preparation containing effective amount of CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof under anesthetic condition in humans.
33. A method for treating anomalous hypertension occurring during surgical operations of humans which comprises administering a preparation containing effective amount of CGRP, a derivative thereof or a salt thereof, the preparation of which is essential for controlling to maintain cardiac function without increasing the cardiac output and reduced blood pressure, under anesthetic condition in humans.
34. A method according to claims 32 and 33 wherein CGRP is h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, h- $\beta$ -CGRP, c-CGRP, r- $\alpha$ -CGRP, r- $\beta$ -CGRP or p-CGRP.
35. A method according to claims 32 and 33 wherein a derivative of CGRP is desalanyl-deamino-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-h- $\beta$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Asp<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asp<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Gly<sup>23</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Asn<sup>3</sup>, Glu<sup>14</sup>, Phe<sup>15</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, [Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-deamino-[Glu<sup>14</sup>]-h- $\alpha$ -CGRP, desalanyl-[Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP, desalanyl-[Asp<sup>3</sup>, Asu<sup>2,7</sup>]-c-CGRP and desalanyl-deamino-c-CGRP.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP92/01600

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

Int. Cl<sup>5</sup> A61K37/30, 9/08, C07K7/36

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

Int. Cl<sup>5</sup> A61K37/30, 9/08, C07K7/36

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO, A, 90/12815 (Celltech LTD), November 1, 1990 (01. 11. 90) & GB, A, 8908906 & CA, A, 2014939 & AU, A, 9054342	1-14, 20-31
X	WO, A, 85/00043 (Celltech LTD), January 3, 1985 (03. 01. 85) & GB, A, 8329093 & AU, A, 3069584 & JP, T, 60-501562 & EP, A, 134631	1-14, 20-31
A	JP, A, 2-229119 (Toyo Jozo K.K.), September 11, 1990 (11. 09. 90) & EP, A, 385712	1-14, 20-31

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

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